



THE Gleichen Call



Thirteenth Year, No. 13

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 18, 1919

Confessed to Taking \$10,000 From P.O.

Quite a sensation was created in town when it became known that Ernest Edwards, Gleichen's assistant postmaster, was under arrest and had confessed he had stolen \$10,000 in bills from the post office Friday, belonging to the Royal Bank, also that Peter MacLean, J. P., had committed him for trial Saturday, and he had been taken to the Provincial Barracks at Calgary to await his trial.

Postmaster Ramsbottom received the registered package Friday morning and Edwards had not placed the red registered card in the bank's post office box as usual, and, therefore, the money had not been called for, and Mr. Ramsbottom was careful to see that either himself, Edwards or Miss White was in the office all morning. About noon he had occasion to go over town and on his return saw the safe was open and the money package left on top of the safe, but replacing the package thought nothing of the incident and went home to lunch. Returning to relieve Edwards he met manager Hutchinson of the Bank, this occurrence recalling the money package to his mind, so that as soon as he again entered the post office he immediately went to the safe to see if it had yet been called for. Finding it had been removed he examined the register book to see if it had been signed for, and was amazed to see no signature. He then phoned to Edwards, who said he knew nothing of the money except it was in the safe, and he told him to return at once, which he did. He said again he knew nothing of the money and that Dennis Ramsbottom had been in for a few minutes while he was out.

Mr. Ramsbottom immediately informed Constable T. Symons, who, after questioning all in the office, asked permission to search the office, which request was immediately granted. As a likely hiding place the constable approached the stand upon which the chimney rests and feeling underneath it brought forth the missing package. He then escorted all up to the local barracks to discuss the subject and finally locked Edwards up. Naturally the others concerned were in anything but a pleasant state of mind until nearly midnight when Constable Symons telephoned to Mr. Ramsbottom not to worry as Edwards had confessed to taking the package.

Many feel sorry for the young fellow as he seemed a very quiet young man, and is a returned veteran who by no means enjoys good health.

Baseball Matches Here Thursday and Friday

Gleichen ball team went down to defeat on Saturday last at Vulcan by a team consisting mostly of professional ball players.

Smithy on the mound pitched tight ball but errors by the boys lost him the game. Webb did the twisting for Vulcan.

Our old stand-by, Buck, on the keystone sack, was injured early in the game but stuck it out for the nine innings. Vulcan will be here on Friday, June 20th, for a return game. This game will be called at

Soldiers Welcome Home Friday

All Soldiers and Wives are Invited Guests

The Gleichen Women's Institute is meeting with every encouragement and assistance in their efforts to give all the returned soldiers a royal welcome home on Friday evening next. The chief difficulty they have to contend with is in obtaining the addresses of the soldiers to send them invitations, and on this account they have requested The Call to state that all the soldiers and their wives are requested to attend as guests whether they receive an invitation or not, to whom, of course, there will be no charge.

The reason the ladies are giving this entertainment now is owing to the fact that the boys are getting more widely scattered every day and they believe they may be able to get as many together now as at any time, and would have it understood they in no way desire to interfere with any other function of a similar kind. It is their contention too much cannot be done for our returned men and they are ready at all times to do their bit.

The Citizens Band members have kindly offered their services free and Mrs. Onstad's orchestra with some new members will be present. A short but excellent program is being arranged, consisting of an address of welcome by Mayor Tudhope and another by Miss Noble, President of the Women's Institute of Alberta. Songs will be rendered by Mrs. P. MacLean and Mr. Barron. Mr. Gray will give a violin solo and Miss Trego will recite. The supper will be given in the adjoining hall of the Opera House and will be the best the ladies of the entire district can obtain, and the dance will be all that can be desired.

The ladies are also pleased to be able to assist the Gleichen G.W.V.A. financially in organizing and all the proceeds will be handed over to their treasurer.

Sports Day at Standard July 1

The good people of Standard have determined to celebrate July 1st—Dominion Day—and when Standard people decide to do anything they do it and do it right. So prepare for something extra on July 1st in the way of sport.

The program is not yet complete, but it is a good one and the prizes most generous. For instance \$75 is offered for a baseball tournament, \$50 for horse races, \$25 for general sports, \$25 for the tug of war championship—see those mighty Danes. Then the Anzac soldiers will play football and there will be 1001 other attractions.

The committee in charge has arranged for attendance of the Great War Veterans Band from Calgary, and the day will be wound up with a big dance that night in Standard's new hall, which has a floor space of 60x100 feet and a hardwood floor.

Every person is invited to attend and is assured of a good time and a hearty welcome.

6:30 sharp and our boys are working hard to get in shape to give them the one big surprise.

Owing to the big expense the boys will be put to in this game the admission will be 50 cents.

Murray Smith arrived last week from Moose Jaw to accept a position as a bookkeeper here and will strengthen the local team, naturally, as his first effort showed at Vulcan, although it is to be regretted that the boys fell down badly in their support at his first attempt. However, they have every confidence in him as a pitcher. He is a pitcher with a reputation and it will be remembered that he won the game last year when he played with the Moose Jaw Robin Hood team at Calgary.

Gleichen rooters should turn out strong Friday night to see the match with Vulcan as our boys are endeavoring to put up a team that

will be worthy of our town and district.

Last Friday evening the Gleichen and Bassano Juniors played a great game on the local diamond, resulting in a score of 8 to 11 in favor of the Gleichen boys. It was an exciting match all through and the playing compared well with the senior matches. Both Bassano and Gleichen may well be proud of the fine playing the little fellows are putting up.

Tomorrow night, Thursday, the Gleichen all-star team, led by Ad Wilson, will give our regulars a game that will be worth seeing.

On Thursday evening July 3rd, at 8 o'clock, the pupils of Mrs. Onstad will take part in a piano recital given at the Union Church. A small admission will be charged to defray expenses. Everyone is cordially invited.

COMING EVENTS

Charges are 25c. per line under Coming Events heading unless otherwise advertised with the CALL.

June 18—Gleichen vs. Strathmore on Strathmore diamond.

June 19—A Special Agricultural Association meeting.

June 19—All Stars vs. Gleichen regulars on Gleichen diamond at 6.30 p.m.

June 20—Vulcan vs. Gleichen on Gleichen Fair grounds, 6.30 sharp.

June 20—Welcome Home to all Gleichen and district soldiers.

June 26—Social dance in Farmers Hall, Milo.

June 27—Farewell dance at the Shamrock School.

June 27 and 28—Gleichen baseball team vs. Cubs at Calgary.

June 28 to July 5—The Calgary Exhibition.

July 1—Standard Dominion Day Sports.

July 3—Piano recital in Union Church by Mrs. Onstad's pupils.

July 4—Women's Institute meeting at Milo.

July 11—Union Church Sunday School picnic.

July 18 to 24—Gleichen Dominion Chautauques.

Aug. 9—School Fair Committee meeting at Lake McGregor School House.

Aug. 18 and 19—Gleichen District Agricultural Assoc. Exhibition.

Sept. 24—Marquis Municipal School Fair at Milo.

Monday noon—Change your ad.

Marquis School Fair on September 24

The plans made for the Marquis Municipal School Fair are developing in a very satisfactory way. Teachers and parents are alike interested in this movement to better our rural schools. The committee has prepared an extensive program and with the assistance of the Department of Agriculture will soon have 500 copies printed to distribute through the fifteen schools in the municipality. Free seeds, bulbs and potatoes have been sent out and instructors from Claresholm will visit each school the latter part of June to assist the teachers and answer all questions. Next year, with the new Agricultural School at Gleichen, this will be managed easier for all concerned. For this year, garden products will be accepted from any of the children's home or school gardens. No entry fee will be charged, but it is hoped every school district will contribute \$10 toward the prize list. With donations from the different organizations it is expected a goodly sum can be given in prizes. The date set is September 24th, and the fair will be held in Queenstown U. F. A. Hall at Milo. The President of the Committee is M. C. Miller of Arrowhead District.

A meeting of the committee and as many teachers as possible will be held in the Lake McGregor School House, Saturday afternoon, August 9th. Representatives from the different school boards will also be welcome. After the necessary business is completed refreshments will be served by the local Women's Institute. Come and get acquainted.

Mrs. Bertrand, Mrs. M. Peterson

GEO. MATTHEWS

SUCCESSOR TO
Matthews & Kidney

Summer Dress Voiles

One hundred and twenty-five patterns from which to make your selection. These are Manufacturer's Dress Lengths and in some cases just enough for a Blouse. Almost every imaginable color in

Plaids, Checks, Stripes and Floral Effects

The Quality is exceptionally good and you save at least one-third on every piece you select

75 Cents to \$1.50 Per Yard

BATHING SUITS

These hot days make you feel like a dip. We have a pretty good range in now and would advise you to pick yours out at once.

LADIES' SUITS NICELY TRIMMED \$1.75 to \$2.25
MEN'S SUITS \$1.75
CHILDREN'S SUITS \$1.00

Grocery Department

This is certainly the busiest corner of the store; but nobody waits. We serve you immediately and see your order is completed with quickness and accuracy. The more business a merchant does the less profit he requires. This is the reason why so many people who formerly sent away for their goods are buying now at Matthew's Store.

TOMATOES, LETTUCE, RHUBARB, STRAWBERRIES, CUCUMBERS, GREEN ONIONS, RADDISH, ETC., FOR SATURDAY.

JUST ARRIVED

New Line of Summer Shirts
New Line of Hats and Caps
New Line of Rain Coats
New Line of Soft Collars
New Line of Classy Ties
New Line of Work Shirts

Pinder & Stabback

The reliable furnis hers.

and Mrs. Kenyon will entertain the Women's Institute in the U. F. A. Hall at the regular monthly meeting, on Friday afternoon, July 4th. Invitations have been sent to neighboring institutes and it is hoped quite a few visitors may attend. An attractive program is being prepared.

A Girl's Club, branch of the W. I., was organized June 12. This is the right thing for our farm girls and we wish them every success.

Now is the time to have those pictures framed. All kinds of on hand, see G. W. Evans.
25 cents buys a Thrift Stamp.

Union Church Services

June 22nd
11 a.m. Sunday School. Bible class.
7.15 p.m. Song practice.
7.30 p.m. Evening service. Subject, "Opportunity."

"War-Time Cookery"**FREE**

Send name and address for new "War-time Cookery" This book contains recipes chosen by the judges as the best and most practical recipes submitted in our recent cash prize competition. It is intended to assist in the conservation of food and to effect savings in home cooking and baking.

Approved by Canada Food Board

ADDRESS

E. W. Gillett Co. Ltd.
TORONTO, CANADA

EDITORIAL**Home Life on the Farm**

In solving the problem, now almost universally recognized, of checking the tendency of boys and girls to move to the cities and keeping them on the land, the farm home must play by far the most important part. Even in the cities the right kind of a home is the greatest restraining force in keeping young people from drifting to far away places and pastures new. It is the most powerful of all influences, and nowhere will the influence of a good and comfortable home, and the right kind of home surroundings, be found more potent than on the farm.

In a new country like Western Canada, which is just emerging from the crudeness of the pioneer stage, it is inevitable and altogether natural that in the earlier years of its development the farm home should be small and lacking in those many little comforts and attractive features which appeal so strongly to youth. It was necessary that the land should first be broken, essential farm equipment secured, a water supply made available, some horses and livestock gathered together, and the necessary buildings provided for their care. Usually, therefore, the first farm home was little more than a shack in which to eat and sleep. It possessed few comforts and was the reverse of attractive, and, isolated in many instances, there were few neighbors, with a resultant great loneliness. It is small wonder that it failed so frequently to hold the boys and girls when they reached their later teens and approached young manhood and womanhood.

Too frequently, perhaps, even after the farm had reached a certain stage of development, and the farmer was beginning to make headway in a material sense, he had become so absorbed in his farm operations that all his available money and credit was utilized in buying more machinery, more livestock, more land, and erecting larger and better farm buildings, while the home and its equipment was overlooked and neglected. All too frequently the complaint was heard from the wife and mother and the growing children that father seemed to think only of the farm itself and the things required by him to extend and improve the farm operations. It was not due to selfishness so much on his part as to the farmer's absorption and keenness in his farm.

Nevertheless, such a policy is a mistaken one from the farmer's own standpoint. The farmer's family is, after all, his best asset, and it does not redound to his credit to have splendid equipment in the way of farm machinery, great barns, well fenced land, and all labor-saving devices in his own work, while his family lives in a shack or inadequate cottage which is dwarfed into insignificance

and shamed by these larger possessions.

The farm home should be made as speedily as possible the most attractive feature of the farm. The wife and mother should be supplied with those little labor-saving devices in the home which so materially assist to convert housework from mere drudgery into pleasure. She will thereby be enabled to give greater attention to her children, while the girls will grow up without that repugnance for farm life which so many farm-bred girls now feel.

A telephone should be installed and thus largely eliminate that feeling of isolation, and bring the whole family circle into closer touch with friends and neighbors. A few good books, pictures, magazines, and the district newspaper will help to brighten the farm home, while, if it is possible, a piano or musical record machine will provide the boys and girls with those pleasures at home which lead them to look longingly towards the cities in order to enjoy.

In a word, the farmer should not overlook every opportunity to make farm life attractive to his boys and girls in order to inspire and encourage them to remain on the land and follow what is admittedly the most independent life anyone can lead in these times. And in his effort to make the farm, and farm life, attractive, he will soon discover by a little observation that he has the greatest of all inducements in a happy, comfortable, attractive home. A little money and time spent on flower seeds, trees and shrubs and their care will pay dividends just as truly as that spent on seed wheat.

Make the farm home attractive and the boys and girls will be loath to leave it; leave it unattractive and lacking in comfort and those things which give pleasure and they will be anxious to get away from it and will take the first available opportunity of doing so.

CHILDHOOD CONSTIPATION

Constipated children can find prompt relief through the use of Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are mild but thorough laxative which never fail to regulate the bowels and stomach, thus driving out constipation and indigestion, colds and simple fevers. Concerning them Mrs. Gaspard Daigle, Demain, Que., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets have been of great benefit to my little boy, who was suffering from constipation and indigestion. They quickly relieved him, and now he is in the best of health." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cts. a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Rumania Will Occupy Transylvania

The Rumanian Government has announced that at the request of the Transylvanian population, complaining of Magyar exactions, Rumanian troops have been ordered to occupy the Transylvania territory to the extent fixed by the decisions made at Versailles.

Sweet and palatable, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is acceptable to children and it does its work surely and promptly.

Reducing
"Just a minute, mister."
"Yes?"
"My wife is starving."
"So's mine," responded the affable millionaire. "It's tough on the girls, but it's the only way to get a fashionable figure."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Vote to Recede from Germany
Hamburg. — A movement for the separation of Rhenish Prussia from the rest of Germany is showing positive results, according to a Dusseldorf dispatch to the Freudenblatt. Fifty thousand voters in the city of Aix la Chapelle and the immediate neighborhood have signed a petition demanding the establishment of a West German free state.

CURE COWS' CAKED BAGS

With
EGYPTIAN LINIMENT
For Sale by all Dealers
Douglas & Company, Nanpanee, On.

What's the Use
Judge: "The police say that you and your wife had some words."
Prisoner: "I had some, but didn't get a chance to use them."—Puck.

Are Looked On As Old Tried Friends

Dodd's Kidney Pills Have Earned Their Popularity by Their Cures.

Alberta Lady Who Suffered From Kidney Trouble for Ten Years Is Now Recommending Dodd's Kidney Pills to Her Friends.

Tolland, Alta., June 2nd. — (Special). — "I can recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to anyone who needs a remedy for sick kidneys." So says Mrs. Fred Wolters, a well-known and highly respected lady living here. And Mrs. Wolters gives her reasons for making this statement.

"I suffered from kidney trouble for ten years. I felt heavy and sleepy after meals. I was always tired and nervous and I had a bitter taste in my mouth, especially in the mornings. I was often dizzy, my memory was failing, and I was very irritable. Stiffness in the joints, backache, headache, and finally rheumatism were added to my troubles."

"I finally decided to try Dodd's Kidney Pills and I took two boxes. I found them satisfactory in every way. I do not think they can be excelled."

You will notice that everyone who recommends Dodd's Kidney Pills has tried them and found them good. They are recognized as old and tried friends in thousands of Canadian families. Ask your neighbors about them.

Reign of Terror In Budapest City

Girls Accused of Making Tri-Color Rosettes Executed

Vienna. — Many persons accused of being counter revolutionists are being executed in Budapest by the Hungarian communists, according to dispatches here. The victims usually are shot in front of the Hungarian parliament house in the day time or in the high school yard in the Markstrasse at night.

Several girls who were accused of making tri-color rosettes for the counter-revolutionists, were executed. The presiding judge of the revolutionary tribunal, which orders the executions, it is said, is a former locksmith, aged 22 years.

Many bodies of men, women and girls of the better classes have been found on the shores of islands in the Danube below the city. It is reported that they were arrested in the residential quarter of Budapest and were thrown into the Danube by Guards who were taking them to prisons in Budapest.

French colonial troops, the report said, are expected to move on the city from the south. White guards and counter revolutionists are preparing to cross the river Theiss, where they have taken positions evacuated by the Rumanians who were withdrawn to the Bessarabian front.

Condition of French Troops at Odessa

Naval Forces Are as Emaciated as the Military

Paris, France. — A terrible indictment is brought against those responsible for the conduct of operations in the Near East, in so far as the French army is concerned, by Gustave de Kerguezec, deputy, and naval reporter charged with the mission to inquire into the position of the eastern military and naval forces by the Budget, army and marine commissions.

As a result of observation, he declares the Armee d'Orient no longer exists and in an article, which the Matin publishes he describes the condition in which he found the French troops at Odessa and in the camps of Turato, Itea and Salonika. Two regiments, he says, would have sufficed to save the Crimea and to keep control of the Black Sea.

He adds that the naval forces are as emaciated as the military and that crews being lacking, demobilization orders could not be obeyed owing to the fact that, whatever the government may imagine, ships cannot be manned without men.

The result of this lack of organization, concludes the naval reporter, is that France has lost in the East the benefits of the victory she had obtained and the prestige, which the magnificent march of the eastern army against the Bulgarians and Turks and Austro-Hungarians, and which presaged the German defeat, had earned for her name. Mr. Kerguezec speaks of the Rumanian disappointment at the French failure and the cry of a starving population to France for bread.

Palace for the Austrian Delegation

Contains a Wonderful Collection of Gallic Relics

Paris, France. — The palace of Francis I. at Saint Germain-en-Laye has been prepared for the Austrian peace delegation. Used as a museum, it contains a wonderful collection of Gallic relics ranging from prehistoric times to the era of the Gallic kings. Glass-covered tables and cases containing flint weapons, bronzes, bangles, pottery and other priceless collections have been removed to provide space for the meetings of the Austrian plenipotentiaries.

It was planned that the presentation of the terms of peace would occur in the most beautiful apartment of the old palace, which is located on the first floor and approached by a grand staircase, the walls of which are emblazoned with royal devices. The fireplaces and ceilings of the apartment are also beautifully decorated. Tapestries were brought from the national storehouse to cover the wall cases, which were filled with remains of the mammoth and the great elk that once roamed over France. Two adjoining apartments were also cleared and a room devoted to the famous collection of Gallic pottery was used as a cloak room.

Two groups of nearby villas were requisitioned for the Austrian and the Hungarian delegates. They are quite distinct, so that no communication could pass between the two delegations of the former Dual Empire.

Germans Have Not Given Up Ambitions

Would Not Be Surprising If They Again Crushed Poland

London, England. — The Austro-Hungarian empire has ceased to exist. What will be the fate of its former territories? Will they again be at the mercy of Berlin as they were during the war, or shall we see a new Central Europe arise which will forever shatter the German dreams of world conquest? Judging from the reports of the allied correspondents in Vienna, it seems that allied public opinion is not yet clear on these capital issues.

It is nice to imagine that because the Kaiser has gone the German or Magyar mentality has changed. It would be a great mistake to think that the German militarist and world politician has become converted overnight into a peace-loving, harmless creature. Everything points to the fact that the Germans have not given up any of their ambitions. If they did not reach Baghdad, they will attempt to reach Vladivostok, and with the present indecision of the Allies on the Russian question it would not be at all surprising if they succeeded in their schemes, and with the help of Russia again crushed Poland and then the other new Slav states which have only just arisen on the ruins of Austria.

Refused to Ratify Advance to Austria

Commission Has Given as Reason Insufficiency of Guarantees

Paris, France. — The Budget Commission, having on the demand of Mr. Etienne Clementel, Minister for Commerce, refused to ratify the advance of 45,000,000 francs for the victualing of Austria. Mr. Stephen Pichon, Foreign Affairs Minister, has signified his intention of making a statement before the commission. The commission has given as a reason for its refusal the insufficiency of guarantees and the wish to know the political reasons which had induced the government to concede the proposed advance. "Pertinax" in the Echo de Paris states that it is understood that the reason of the Budget Commission's refusal is simply in order to draw attention to the necessity for the drawing up of inter-allied financial and economic agreements.

CHILDREN NEED HELP

Spanking doesn't cure bed-wetting — the trouble is due to weakness of the internal organs. My successful home treatment will be found helpful. Send no money, but write me today. My treatment is equally successful for adults, troubled with urinary difficulties. MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box 42 Windsor, Ont.

TO AND FROM EUROPE ALL LINES — ALL CLASSES PASSPORTS

Send us two photos; we do the rest. Return passages secured. Write us early. Satisfaction guaranteed. THE Jules Hone Travel Agencies 9 St. Lawrence Boulevard MONTREAL

Boon to West

New Hudson Bay Route Would Reduce Haul

Ottawa. — Mr. F. E. Bowden, chief engineer of the Department of Railways and Canals, who has had experience of the Hudson Bay and believes in the feasibility of the route, gave evidence before the special committee of the senate, which is making a general inquiry into the possibilities of that region. He said it was possible that the whole of November might be added to the navigation season by establishing aid to navigation. Wireless and aircraft would greatly assist vessels in keeping clear of ice floes.

Liners, however, were almost precluded from using the route having regard to ice, and from the point of view of the facilities at Port Nelson, he would only recommend that vessels of 7,500 tons carrying capacity should be placed on the route.

Larger vessels could not be accommodated in the harbor. He was unable to say definitely whether the rate on grain across the Atlantic would be lowered by the Hudson Bay route, as the estimates were too problematical, and also it would be utterly impossible to get 100 or 150 vessels on the route until the government had thoroughly demonstrated its feasibility. Private owners would not put on their vessels before. He pointed out the value of the short haul to Hudson Bay by rail from the western provinces as far as animals were concerned. The great loss of weight by rail would be avoided, and it had been found that the loss on vessels in the weight of animals was negligible.

Italian Aviator Killed

Captain Palli, one of the best Italian aviators, has been killed while flying in the Mont Blanc region. Caught in a snowstorm, his aeroplane crashed near Bourg St. Maurice, Savoy. He had accomplished one hundred and forty war raids, among them the famous Vienna expedition with the d'Annunzio squadron. His aeroplane had been hit many times by enemy fire. D'Annunzio used to call him "the infallible eagle."

Ask for Minard's and take no other

Germany in Favor Of Disarmament

Agrees to Disarm Ahead of All Other Powers

Berlin. — Information has been received from unimpeachable sources that the counter-proposals to be made by Germany to the peace conference will declare in favor of military disarmament, saying that Germany is ready to reduce her forces to 350,000 within two months after the conclusion of peace, and by the expiration of another year to cut the size of the army down to 200,000 men.

It will be declared that in spite of internal disorders and the necessity for defending her frontiers, Germany thus agrees to disarm ahead of all other powers. It is pointed out that this gives adequate proof of Germany's determination to renounce all militaristic and imperialistic tendencies.

Very Quarre'some Neighbors

Names of the parties are Corns and Toes — both were unhappy till the trouble was remedied by Putnam's Corn Extractor. Any corn goes out of business in 24 hours if "Putnam's" is applied — try it, 25c at all dealers.

Second Dead Sea

Once the Most Famous of Shell-Fish Areas

London. — A sea in which nothing may live has come into being off the southeast coast of England. It is a second Dead Sea.

Pegwell Bay is where the Dead Sea lies. It was once the most famous of the shell-fish areas. Its downfall is traced to the sinking of an oil tank steamer early in the war. The vessel was torpedoed one night, and thousands of gallons of crude oil flooded over the Downs. The odor of the oil led many to believe that a German gas attack was pending. The oil swamped the haunts of shrimp, mussel, whelk, and caused more poison to invade the shellfish beds, the shrimps' breeding waters, and now the whole area is dead. If any food-making shellfish lives it is contaminated, and must not be eaten, and the public are warned against gathering up shellfish from the Ramsgate rocks and shores of Pegwell Bay.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house

Our lives are like buildings going up, and every one who comes to us, whether for a prolonged stay or only for a few moments, puts something into the walls or into the adornment. Our friends, if they are worthy, exert a measureless influence over us.

W. N. U. 1266

**FLEET FOOT FOR STURDY WEAR**

Put the boys and girls in **Fleet Foot** shoes this summer. They can have two or three pairs of **Fleet Foot** for the price of one pair of leather shoes. The low price of **Fleet Foot** and their sturdy wear, make them the most satisfactory and economical summer shoes you can buy for children.

The Best Shoe Stores Sell **Fleet Foot**

**Airmen Form Provincial Association**

Regina, Sask. — Airmen of Saskatchewan have formed a provincial association known as the Air Services Association of Saskatchewan, to which aviators of any of the allied countries are welcomed as members. The object of the association is the promotion of the interests of aeronautics and aerial navigation in this province. Owing to the great distances and the lack of roads and railways in the unsettled parts of the province, it is claimed that aerial navigation can play an important part, especially in the delivery of mails and light express.

The Terror of Asthma comes like a thief in the night with its dreadful throttling, robbing its victim of breath. It seems beyond the power of human aid to relieve until one trial is made of that remarkable preparation, Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. Then relief comes with a rush. Life becomes worth living, and if the remedy be used persistently, the disease is put permanently to route. Take no substitute.

Tact

To possess tact it is necessary to have a fine perception, and to be sensitive; for how can we know what will pain another without having some criterion in our own feelings by which we can judge of his? Hence I maintain that our tact is always in proportion to our sensibility. — Lord Byron.

Appreciates the Compliment

"I wouldn't marry the best man living."
"I'm sorry you feel that way about me, but I appreciate the compliment."
—Detroit Free Press.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"
To get the genuine, call for full name **LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets**. Look for signature of **E. W. GROVE**. Cures a Cold in One Day. 30c.

Identifying Twins

Reports Only Differed In Initials of Their Names

One of the greatest war problems of the London Scottish Regiment was how to distinguish Ralph Brown (now dead) from his brother Lindsay. They were twins and inseparable, and so strikingly alike in every way that it was hardly possible to distinguish one from the other. Early in their military training their officers were so puzzled that an official order was sent to Ralph commanding him to grow a moustache to distinguish him from Lindsay. After passing through all the grades of non-commissioned rank, the brothers had the distinction of being promoted to commissioned rank together in their famous corps. In all their courses of training equal attainment marked them. Out of a school of 500 officers they were two of four officers specially recommended to the War Office for merit, and they were informed that their reports only differed in the initials of their names.

Vessels Loading Relief Food

Shipments Will Carry All Devastated Countries Through to Next Harvest

New York, N.Y. — In the ports of Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore alone are 44 steamers loading cargoes of food bound for Europe, under direction of the American Relief Administration, thus indicating that the American relief, particularly for the newly liberated countries, is now in its final stages. These shipments and those to follow, it is expected, will carry all of the devastated countries through to the next harvest. Belgium has been able to dispense with the relief commission since May 1, and with the new harvest the other newly-liberated countries are expected also to begin to stand alone with respect to food.

The doctor who gets out of patients is apt to lose his temper.

Rule of Bolshevik

Omsk. — Before their flight from Sarapul, on the Kama, southwest of Perm, the Bolsheviks committed great excesses, shooting down the wives of officers and soldiers in the army of the Omsk government. In many cases they did not spare even the children.

Miller's Worm Powders are a prompt relief from the attacks of worms in children. They are powerful in their action and, while leaving nothing to be desired as a worm expellant, have an invigorating effect upon the youthful system, remedying fever, biliousness, loss of appetite, sleeplessness, and other ailments that follow disorders caused by worms in the stomach and bowels.

Victory is worth nothing except for the fruits that are under it, in it, and above it.

The good die young and the other kind when they can't help it.

Cuticura Will Help Clear Eruptions & Dandruff**The Soap to Cleanse The Ointment to Heal**

Don't wait to have eruptions, redness and roughness, dandruff and irritation. Prevent them by making this wonderful skin-clearing complexion soap your every-day toilet soap, assisted by touches of Cuticura Ointment to the first signs of little skin and scalp troubles, and dandruff of Cuticura Talcum, a fascinating fragrance. In delicate Cuticura medication The Cuticura Trio is wonderful. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. N, Boston, U. S. A."

There's a Reason why so many people make

Grape-Nuts

the regular part of at least one meal each day. It's because of the delightful flavor, and wonderful values of Grape-Nuts as a health builder.

Labor Party May Rule in Britain

New York. — Prediction that the British Labor party would assume the reins of government in England with the next change in administration might come sooner than was expected was made here by J. H. Thomas, British Labor leader and member of the House of Commons. Mr. Thomas, who made the prediction in an informal talk with leaders of the Central Confederated Union, which recently launched an United States Labor party along lines similar to those of the British party, is one of the most powerful labor leaders in the British Isles.

He was general secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, and successfully engineered its campaign to obtain the eight-hour day and overtime demands. He led the British delegation at the international Socialist and Labor conference at Berne, to which the American Federation of Labor refused to send representatives.

Although disclaiming any wish to dictate or interfere with the labor situation in the United States, Mr. Thomas declared results achieved by the Labor party in England had convinced the workers that employment of political as well as trades union weapons were as essential to realization to the welfare of the workers, adding that he hoped to see labor "stronger" if he ever returned to the United States again.

"I don't believe in bloody revolution, but I do believe in a revolution of ideals," he said. "I want to see men and women use their political intelligence to achieve their ideals."

One of the strongest planks in any Labor party platform, he declared, should be a demand that conditions be established throughout the world "that would make a repetition of this horrible war impossible."

T. D. Mutch, an Australian Labor leader, who also met the Central Federated Union leaders, was outspoken in his advice to United States labor to support a strong Labor party. "We are more happy in Australia than you are here in the United States," he said, "because we had sense enough to organize and obtain the needed reforms."

"Each worker has two arms—a political arm and an industrial arm. Don't fight the battle with one arm tied behind your back."

Turning his attention to newspapermen present, Mr. Mutch, who was organizer of the Union of Newspapermen in Australia, advised them to start a similar movement in the United States.

Berlin Looking Towards Vatican

Berlin.—Herr Von Bergen, former counsellor of the legation, has been appointed minister to the Holy See for the German empire, succeeding the Prussian representative, Von Bergen is a Protestant Centralist.

It is expected that a papal delegate will be sent to Berlin, this departing from diplomatic tradition. Monsignor Pacelli, nuncio to the former Bavarian court, has gone to Switzerland and is not expected to return to Bavaria.

Germany Makes Counter Proposals

Versailles.—The German counterclaim on the allied powers is based largely on the alleged effect of the blockade upon the life and health of the civilian population. It is argued that a million births were prevented as a direct result of the food blockade upon the vitality of women. Same causes, it is contended, increased the deaths, approximately 800,000. Lack of milk for young children, the absence of rubber and cotton for hospital use and the interruption of supplies of quinine, camphor and other medicaments were further factors in the losses, according to the German argument.

Should the Germans open this field of enquiry, the allies are prepared to reply effectively by reference to the far greater decrease of births and increase of deaths in France, Belgium, Poland, Rumania and Serbia as a direct result of the German war measures.

The allies possess the German official figures showing that the milk production in Germany during the war was never below forty-five per cent. of the normal production, which would have been sufficient to maintain the children had they received it.

The failure of German cities to re-

German Intrigue in Rhineland

Orders Given to Tear Down Political Posters

Coblentz. — Orders were issued to the military police in Coblentz and to patrols throughout the area of occupation to tear down immediately any political posters should they appear. The soldiers also were cautioned to prevent any meetings of a political character.

At headquarters it was said that no such meetings had taken place. The military authorities, however, have received information of an intrigue, in which several influential Germans are implicated. The object of the intrigue was to launch a demonstration in Coblentz in favor of a separation from Prussia.

Poland Still Destitute

In Desperate Need of Food, Clothing and Raw Material and Machinery

New York, N.Y. — Present conditions in Poland are described in a statement issued by the American Relief Administration, compiled from authentic sources open to the administration. The statement says in part: "With all its other difficult problems to meet, Poland is, in addition, actively fighting Bolshevism, not only for its own sake, but for the sake of the world. The Pilsudski Government remains stable, and is worthy of the greatest respect. It is making much progress in setting up a national and economic life for the new Polish nation."

"To fully understand Poland, one must always bear in mind that there is a great gulf between the rich and educated Polish aristocracy, in whose ranks are men of letters, artists and poets in a proportion not equalled in any other country, and the agrarian or peasant class, who are illiterate."

"Every attempt on the part of the Polish aristocracy to better the condition of the Polish peasant was crushed by the great jealous powers which have enslaved Poland for 150 years. The present Polish government recognizes as its first duty a betterment of the conditions of the peasants and the upbuilding of a strong middle class."

"At present, Poland is in desperate need of food, clothing, and raw material and machinery for her stripped and idle factories. Sixty per cent. of her last harvest was carried away by the Germans. Normally Poland is a self-sustaining country as to food, and with some help now she can stand on her own feet. Since the middle of February about 100,000 tons of American foodstuffs have been sent into Poland."

New Troops to Russia

Archangel.—The American cruiser Des Moines arrived here simultaneously with transports, bringing new British volunteer army units to relieve the United States and other forces who have been fighting since last August.

The German Whine

Say That it is a Peace of Might Instead of Right

Berlin.—The reply complains that "might before right" dominates the allied treaty. Objections expressed to the demand that Germans be surrendered for trial in enemy countries, the reply contending that an impartial authority ought to be instituted to establish all violations of international law, by whosoever committed. It is asserted that it is inconceivable that some of the allied and associated powers, such as Italy and Rumania, have entered the war for the sake of territorial conquest.

Complaint is made that the amount of compensation is to be fixed by a hostile commission, whose powers would enable it to administer Germany as a bankrupt state. This, it declared, is incompatible with the innate right of nations.

The reply maintains that the treaty shows Germany as a nation which is simply to be destroyed, and adds:

"This is a complete repudiation of the idea that every nation has a right to exercise and violates the rights of self-determination."

The statement then details long objections to the proposed treatment of the Saar region, Malmédy, Morosmet and the eastern frontiers and argues that the worst manifestation of the disregard of the right of self-determination is the separation of Danzig from the German empire.

It says that the treaty involves destruction of German economic life and subjects the German people to a financial slavery "unparalleled in the history of the world."

If such a treaty came into force, it is declared, it would mean a fresh catastrophe for the whole world.

Allied Officers Fought Rebels

Saved Lives of 400 White Women and Children

New York. — The story of how a handful of British and allied officers fought off for three days the attacks of six thousand Egyptian insurrectionists and saved the lives of 400 white women and children was told by Prof. Allgood, of Birmingham, Alabama, who arrived here from Assuit, Egypt. For the last four years Prof. Allgood has been science instructor at the College of Assuit, the capital of Upper Egypt.

On March 20 an outpost rider reached the town with the news that a band of Senyussi Arabs was advancing on the town. The allied officers quickly organized the defence and defeated the first assault, which was delivered that day by about 600 natives. Revolting fellahs swarmed to the standards of the besiegers and an attack was made with fanatical fury. The ammunition of the besieged ran short and the situation was desperate when British seaplanes from Alexandria succeeded in dropping supplies into the beleaguered town. At the end of the third day gunboats with rescuing troops made their way up the Nile, drove off the attackers and relieved the garrison.

During the fighting the college, Christian churches and all English property were destroyed by the rebels.

Lumber for British Uses

To Be Shipped to England in Demountable Ships

Vancouver, B.C.—Sir James Ball, British timber controller, and Mr. Montague Meyer, purchaser for the British government, have been here interviewing local lumbermen in regard to the purchase of British Columbia lumber for British uses. As a result, it is announced that orders have been placed for 20,000,000 feet of lumber to be shipped from Vancouver to England via the Panama Canal in demountable ships. Sir James said the scheme for demountable ships was feasible. He had placed an order for four of these ships, which would average 5,000,000 feet of lumber each.

Ruth Law Will Attempt Atlantic

Chicago.—Ruth Law, aviatrix, before leaving for New York announced that she plans to attempt a trans-Atlantic flight within six weeks. She will use a new Curtiss land biplane, equipped with two Curtiss-Kirkham motors of 400 horse-power each, and will be accompanied by James Lamont, her mechanic. The machine is now being built for her by the Curtiss company, she says. She expects the U.S. navy to give her assistance in making the flight. Miss Law recently returned from the Orient, where she was engaged in flying.

Cannot Order Strike

Montreal.—Under the laws of the American Federation of Labor no trades and labor council has the right to declare a strike," said S. J. Konkamp, international president of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America.

THE INDUSTRIAL UNREST

Capital and Labor Discuss Problems at Toronto

Toronto. — That there is a higher standard of intelligence among the workers than ever before, and that while they are studying economics and other great problems of the day, employers are in ignorance of big world movements, was the statement made by Rev. Ernest Thomas, field secretary of the Army and Navy board of the Methodist church, before the royal industrial commission here.

"Is Canada safe while big business men remain ignorant of big world movements?" he asked.

"Canada is not safe while business men refuse to consider economics like our labor men are doing."

Mr. Thomas appealed for provision for interchange of thought. He thought that the tension would be greatly relieved if conferences were held between employers and employees.

"Do you mean there should be compulsory conciliation?" asked Commissioner Bruce.

"I think there should be compulsory intercourse," was the reply.

Chief Justice Mathers did not think such a plan would be workable.

Referring to the high cost of living, Mr. Thomas said:

"I do not say things shall not be sold without profit, but I do say that profit should not be the driving power."

He described briefly the economic policy of the Methodist church, and then detailed the views of the Anglican and Roman Catholic churches, calling for changes in the present system. These could not be dismissed as nonsense as they expressed the mind of organized Christendom.

Mr. Thomas then took up the question of prohibition, emphatically declaring that it had not been successful in altering the social life of wealthy people, as it had that of the working people. Speaking from personal experience, he said that the laboring men in the west, who formerly opposed prohibition, are now definitely in favor of it. He thought that prohibition was in a measure responsible for the remarkable evidence of self control in Winnipeg and other western cities recently.

James Simpson, the next witness, also emphasized the fact that laboring men were studying industrial economics and displayed much higher intelligence than a few years ago. Giving causes for the present unrest, Mr. Simpson declared that the indifference of the government to the increased cost of living was one of the greatest reasons.

"What our government is neglecting" other governments are accomplishing successfully," declared Mr. Simpson.

He referred to legislation introduced in New Zealand and Australia, which he said had been responsible for the reduction in the cost of living.

Mr. Simpson, in discussing wages paid to the laboring classes in Canada, stated that the man who is content to live under existing conditions has had ambition crushed by the industrial system.

Answering Commissioner Thomas Moore, Mr. Simpson declared himself in favor of a 44-hour week. Some private employers were introducing a 40-hour week and increasing wages also, he said.

"The 44-hour week should be statutory; it should be law," emphatically stated the witness.

Replying to further questions, Mr. Simpson stated that the Whitley scheme would never satisfy the student of labor problems, as an ultimate objective, but at the present time it will serve to minimize the friction between capital and labor.

W. H. Hoop, organizer of warehousemen and storekeepers' union, hoped the commission would be able to give some practical hints to the government, and he thought two of the main subjects for consideration should be shorter hours and better wages.

Canada's War Expenditure

Ottawa.—According to the Auditor-General of Canada's report, the war expenditures during the year 1918, the last full 12-month period of the war, amounted to \$343,836,801. Of this amount, \$201,288,628 was expended in Canada by the Militia Department, and \$115,381,243 by the Overseas Department of Militia and Defense. The Invalid Soldiers' Commission cost \$11,393,654, while the naval defense of the country cost the people \$9,668,229.

Free Passage for Army Men

London.—The Overseas Settlement Office, virtually a department of the Colonial Office and set up to deal with emigration to the Dominions, has now got to work, and its successful operations have been approved. Free passage will be granted to suitable ex-service men. A boom in emigration to North America is expected from Scotland. Enquiries for transport are already enormous.

Claims To Enemy Shipping

Should U.S. Keep Vessels Interned in American Ports

London.—The division of German mercantile shipping, which has been the subject of considerable discussion in England since the announcement that the United States was to receive all vessels interned in United States ports, was raised in the house of commons by Ben Tillet, member for North Salford. Mr. Tillet asked Andrew Bonar Law, the government spokesman, what steps the government was taking "to claim a share of enemy shipping in proportion to the losses sustained by us of the vessels detained in American waters."

Mr. Bonar Law said he could not discuss the matter, but hoped the house would trust the British delegates to protect their interests.

Horatio Bottomley, an independent member, asked whether it was not a convenient opportunity for President Wilson to "prove the sincerity of his idealism by making no claim for these ships and giving them to those who have borne the heat and burden of the war."

Plague Follows War

The Coming Winter May See Typhus Ravage Europe

Paris.—One hundred thousand persons in Poland are ill of typhus, according to advices received by the supreme economic council. Typhus is increasing in Poland and is epidemic. It is epidemic in Hungary and a number of other countries in southwestern Europe.

The spread of the plague in other parts of Europe is feared during the coming winter, cold being more favorable for its propagation than warmth.

The supreme council has appointed a committee of British, French and Italian representatives to confer with representatives of the league of Red Cross, to prepare definite plans to combat typhus and cholera, those plans to be submitted to the respective governments.

Grieve Invited To Try Again

Offer to Become Navigator for Raynham in Journey of Martyrside

St. John's, Nfld. — Lieut. Commander MacKenzie Grieve, rescued in mid-ocean with Harry G. Hawker after their unsuccessful attempt to fly across the Atlantic, has been invited by Frederick Raynham, British airman, to "try it again." This time as navigator of the Martyrside plane to be piloted by the Australian's rival.

Captain Morgan, originally selected as Raynham's navigator, was seriously injured when the Martyrside plunged its nose into the turf while attempting to hop off with Hawker, that doctors forbade him to think further of flying.

The number of British expeditions with representatives preparing for a trans-Atlantic flight was increased to five with the arrival of Lieut. W. F. Williams, R.A.F. Lieut. Williams came here to select an airdrome for an Alliance machine, a two-seated biplane with a single Napier engine of 450 horse-power.

Would Settle 53 Years' War

Small Kingdom Wants to Conclude Peace With Huns

Vienna.—Prince Edward of Liechtenstein has left for Paris in an effort to obtain a place at the peace conference on the ground that he wishes to conclude peace with Germany, with which Liechtenstein has been in a state of war for 53 years. Prince Edward carries credentials from Prince Johann Second, reigning prince of Liechtenstein, and is accompanied by the president of German-Austria, Dr. Seitz.

The prince said he was a supporter of the league of nations. He will lay before the peace conference a protest against the joining of the province of Vorarlberg to Switzerland on the ground that the residents of Liechtenstein do not wish to be cut off from Austria.

Liechtenstein, the third smallest state in Europe, lies between the province of Vorarlberg and Switzerland. It has a population of about 10,000. For more than two centuries Liechtenstein was a German state, but in 1866, when Austria and Prussia went to war, Liechtenstein changed its allegiance to Austria.

The small state has no army.

Retiring from Politics

St. John's, Nfld.—In the assembly former Premier Lloyd, whose cabinet has resigned, announced his intention of retiring from public life, and stated he intended to accept the registrarship of the supreme court at present vacant, and which the incoming ministry had offered him subsequent to the recent crisis.

Get At Root Of Labor Troubles

Bush Fires in North

Telegram From Big River Inspector Says Some Homes Destroyed

Regina.—Information of the devastation caused by the recent bush fires in the northern part of the province has reached the office of A. E. Fisher, fire commissioner for Saskatchewan. In some cases people have lost their homes, and other property has been destroyed by the flames.

The following telegram was received by Mr. Fisher from an inspector, dated at Big River:

"Bush fire around Canwood and Polworth, May 18 and 19. One family homeless. On May 22 a big fire swept west, jumped across Big River and burned five sheds and Ladder Lake Lumber company warehouse; also set a stable on fire. Bush fire coming on Big River from north and southeast. Men out at present back firing. One family homeless in Big River from fire on May 22."

Hawker Has a Record

Has Earned Many Honors as an Aviator

New York, N.Y.—Harry G. Hawker, who started from St. John's, Newfoundland, on a trans-Atlantic flight in a Sopwith airplane, is an Australian. He began his career as a mechanic and rose to the rank of an aviator under the tutelage of Sopwith, one of the earliest British airmen. He first came into prominence on October 24, 1912, when flying a Sopwith biplane, designed after the pattern of the Wrights' machine; he established a British record of 8 hours and 23 minutes for a duration flight and won the British Michelin trophy for that year.

In 1913, flying a Sopwith equipped with a Gnome motor, he established a British altitude record of 12,900 feet, and on the same day carried aloft two passengers to a height of 10,600 feet. Later he attained the world's altitude record—28,500 feet—which was subsequently excelled. During the war he was an experimental aviator assisting in the development of Sopwith machines.

Canadian Flier in Great Race

New York.—Captain J. E. Boyd, Canadian aviator who was shot down by German anti-aircraft guns while flying over Zebrugg, managed to avoid capture by guiding his plane into Dutch territory, where he was interned October 3, 1915, announced himself here as an entry to the race of the London Daily Mail for the purse of \$50,000 for a non-stop trans-Atlantic flight.

Captain Boyd is making final plans for his flight and will leave for Newfoundland by the middle of June.

Feed Russia When Bolshe Gone

London.—The allied and associated powers have made arrangements to feed Petrograd and render assistance to the starving population after the expulsion of the Bolsheviks. Herbert C. Hoover, the head of the allied relief, has the details in hand. It is hoped that relief will be in the city within thirty-six hours after the Bolshevik withdrawal.

Agreement Reached On Adriatic Question

Paris.—The question of Fiume and the southern territorial boundaries of Austria has been settled by the allied council, according to the best information here.

An agreement has also been reached, it is stated, on the general Adriatic questions, except regarding economic arrangements. Thus, all territorial questions will be presented to the Austrians Friday in the proposed terms.

The matter of reparations will come up for consideration later.

New York.—The Associated Press issues the following:

The Austrians, who have been clamoring for an early presentation of the peace treaty that has been arranged for them, will be called before the peace congress and handed the document.

This had been made possible through an agreement reached in the Council of Four on one mighty question which has blocked the council in its efforts to settle the issues with the Austrians—Italy's demands that she be awarded Fiume, a seaport town on the northeastern Adriatic, and given other concessions in Dalmatia to which President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George and Premier Clemenceau believed she was not fully entitled. The nature of the settlement has not yet been made public.

Toronto. — "Work creates work; that is the point the men in the shop don't get," said T. A. Russell to the Industrial Relations Commission. He declared that organized labor must bring some conservative plan which would avoid the limitation of production before they would be welcomed with open arms by the employers.

T. A. Russell, of the Russell Motor Car Company, declared that there was a desire on the part of the employer to get to the bottom of the labor difficulties. In his opinion the unrest was due in part to a laudable disregard of everyone to improve his position.

Neither employers nor employees had been to blame in the past. The employers had paid attention too closely to keeping wages down and employees of getting them out, without an eye to the vital matter of production. The present strike, he thought, would set back the relations between the employer and employed for years. It was not called on account of any grievance or urgency of the men working in the shops, but was an outside matter.

There should be in his view no interference with leadership, and to guarantee that control must remain in the hands of capital. The laborer could go elsewhere if his employment did not suit him, while invested capital could not.

It was a mistake to limit below 48 hours the week's working hours both from a national and from the men's standpoint.

John Doggett, secretary of the industrial council of building trades, declared the unrest to be due to the worker's fear of old age, for which there was no provision, and to the way profiteers had run wild in Canada.

Mounted Police Strengthened

Vancouver, B.C.—The first detachment of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police force which is being established here as the headquarters for British Columbia has arrived in the city. While no official reason is forthcoming for extending the famous corps into this province, the general opinion is that the move is a precautionary measure in the event of any Bolshevik outbreaks. Since the unionization of the Vancouver police force, that body has lost a portion of public confidence.

Indian Ruler Loyal to King

London, England.—With characteristic loyalty and devotion to the British Crown, the Maharajah of Bikanir, in view of the Afghan violation of British territory, has, during his recent short visit to London from the peace conference, placed at the disposal of King George his personal services and all the resources of his state. It will be remembered that the Maharajah of Bikanir was the first of the Indian ruling princes to make the same offer to the King-Emperor in the first days of the war, in August, 1914.

Aeroplane Trip Over Egyptian Desert

London, England.—Colonel Wilson, one of the commanders of the British forces in Mesopotamia, has arrived in England after an aeroplane trip from Mosul, by way of the Egyptian desert and Cairo. The trip lasted a week.

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at a Great Reduction:

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Brass Team Harness 1½, Regular	79 00	now	65 00
Plow Harness, Regular	49 00	now	42 00
Four-Horse leather lines, Regular	8 75	now	7 00
Two-Horse leather lines, Regular	7 00	now	6 25
Two-Horse 1½ web lines, Regular	4 25	now	3 50
Team Bridles, Regular	9 00	now	7 75
Saddle, Regular	78 00	now	68 00
Saddle, Regular	74 00	now	65 00
Saddle, Regular	49 00	now	45 00
Collars, Cloth Faced, Regular	8 00	now	6 50
Collars, all Kip Faced, Regular	8 25	now	7 00
Short Straw from \$5 00 up.			
Sweat Pads, Regular	1 00	now	75

Brushes and Curry Combs,
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ALL AT REDUCED PRICES.

Pole Straps, 1½, Regular	\$1 45	now	\$1 20
Pole Straps, 1½, Regular	1 85	now	1 10
Martingales, 1½, Regular	1 50	now	1 20
Martingales, 1½, Regular	1 40	now	1 15

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T. H. Beach Auctioneer

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GLEICHEN, - ALBERTA

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All persons are hereby warned against buying any grain, hay or other produce, cattle, horses, wagons, harness, saddles, mowers or rakes from any Indian of the Blackfoot reserve without an officially printed permit issued by the Indian Agent.

Also not to take in pledge or make any loan upon any article to any Indian under penalty of having any such articles seized and being prosecuted for illegal pawning

J. H. GOODERHAM
Indian Agent

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Gleichen Jewelry Co.

W. G. S. GOURLAY,
Manager.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

Standard Items

Andr. Christensen spent the week end in Calgary.

E. A. Wagler was a visitor to Calgary last week.

93,000 Danes have fought in the allied armies against the Germans.

There is an excellent opening in Standard for a drug store and a first class physician.

A. Raven, a new settler in this district, bought a three-quarter section from Simon Christensen.

Councillor N. P. Nielsen has a gasoline engine and grader at work on the roads around Standard.

Pte. John Olsen has gone to Calgary to see the Soldiers Land Settlement Board about some land he intends to buy.

Last week's rain was very welcome to the farmer's of this district as a lot of wheat was just up and it materially aided crops in general.

One of our most prominent citizens lost a valuable Panama hat on his way home from the Gleichen sports. We understand that a reward will be given the finder who brings back the Panama in good shape.

Craigantler

Miss Hay was a visitor to Calgary a few days ago.

The shortage of barb wire is felt in quite a number of places. Some fields cannot be fenced on this account.

Mrs. M. C. Hansen is recovering after having gone through a serious operation in Calgary.

The Latter Day Saints held service in the Craigantler School house on Sunday. There was quite a large attendance.

Kenneth McBean was a visitor to the Craigantler district last week. Ken thinks the grain here is as far advanced as down south.

The wind don't seem to blow so much around section two the last two weeks. Mr. Hughes blames the hot air he had around last year for the short crops.

The government camps are quite numerous and the travellers are quite pleased to see the bad spots being repaired. The C. P. R. with their large force is also repairing all ditches and structures.

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Will thankfully receive any information regarding stock carrying the following brands:

HORSES
on left shoulder.
on left thigh.
CATTLE
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It won't interest you unless you own or drive a Ford car

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We are installing our Electro Magnetizer and invite you to call and see it work. Many Fords that have been in use one or more years are in need of Electro service due to weak or shorted magnets causing the car to start hard, burn too much gasoline, miss when running slow, poor lights or coils, points burning or sticking.

Electro Service

In addition to locating troubles such as end play in crank shaft, coil troubles and etc. will burn out shorts in the magnets and charge the magnets stronger than when new.

Don't forget we weld Ford frames without removing them from the car

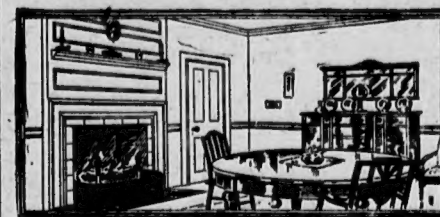
McLeod's Garage

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA.

Take home a can of

Kyanize

You'll like the work it does



Economize with Kyanize It Beautifies

Try it on your furniture—your floors—or any woodwork

See how smoothly this wonderful varnish works. Note the short time in drying—apply it to-day—dry tomorrow and the beautiful lustre will never scratch white—hot or cold water cannot harm it. Try it, that's the best way to find out.

McKAY HARDWARE CO.

Do You Know

That the quality in coal is of vastly greater importance than the price asked?

GALT COAL

Is free from slag and carefully screened. It gives the maximum of heat with the minimum of fuel and burns bright and clean down to the ashes. How much shall we send you?

Baled Hay, Green Feed, Oils

BROWN'S TRANSFER

Drying. Phone 37.

See the Call for JOB Printing

A. R. TUDHOPE

Licensed Auctioneer for the Province of Alberta terms right

Dealer in some of the best makes of tractors and power farming machinery.

We will sell soldiers, settling on land, Massey-Harris implements at wholesale prices.

Agent for

Massey-Harris Implements

See our Fanning Mills and Smut Machines

Office 5th Ave. Gleichen, Phone 63. Residence 93

Returned Soldiers

going on the land and Purchasing Cockshutt Implements through

T. W. BATES

will receive

10% Discount

except on Binders. 5 per cent. on Binders

Agent for

Cockshutt Implements, Twin City Tractors
Standard and Empress Cream Separators
Adams Wagons, Continental Life,
Excess Hail and California Fire Insurance

Cures Dizziness Prevents Headaches Insures Health

Puts Vim, Snap, Vitality and
Briskness Into Run-down
Men and Women

You who are nervous, tired and played out can quickly get back the best of health by purifying and enriching the blood with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. This wonderful medicine will make you feel better the first day. A real assistant to nature, full of toning-up power — these are health-renewing principles in Dr. Hamilton's Pills that accomplish so much good. Your liver will work right if toned with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. The bowels will move out of the system all wastes and impurities. Your stomach will be put in order, digestion will be perfect, and as a result your health is bound to be permanently improved. To be always in good spirits, to enjoy your meals, to sleep well and have lots of energy to work with, use Dr. Hamilton's Pills regularly. No medicine for general family use so good. Sold everywhere in 25c boxes.

Serial Story

Unavoidably Omitted

We are obliged to omit the serial story this week, but same will appear again in an early issue.

High Praise For Canadians

Troops of Dominion Took the Lead in War's Sternest Battles

The report of the overseas military forces of Canada tabled in the house of commons at Ottawa last week by Sir Edward Kemp, overseas minister of militia, contains 533 printed pages. It is a comprehensive history of the activities of the Canadian forces during the war period with definite data as to the strength of the personnel of the various organizations at the time of the signing of the armistice.

"I welcome," says Sir Edward Kemp, in a preface to the report, "this opportunity of expressing to the forces who have served in all theatres in all capacities my heartfelt appreciation of their magnificent achievement. Wherever a stern or difficult task had to be performed, wherever the fight was fiercest, Canadian troops were in the forefront, by their valor, patience, and skill upholding and increasing a renown which will endure for all time."

"Further, I would express my thanks to those in charge of the administration and training of our forces, both in France and in England. By their efficiency and wholehearted endeavor our victories were made possible, and they conclusively proved to the world that the citizen soldier, imbued with the spirit of loyalty and self-denial, could be the equal of those who had made war a life-long study."

The succeeding pages which tell in narrative form the story of the inception, organization and record of the various divisions of the Canadian force are replete with information that makes the report practically a history of the war. A large portion of the volume is devoted to a description of the various military operations in which the Canadian forces were engaged during the four years of conflict with accompanying maps and explanatory notes.

Dealing with the Canadians in the Royal Air Force, the report says it will no doubt be a matter of surprise to many to hear that over 8,000 Canadians have held commissions in the air forces. An interesting table is given showing the comparative strength of the Imperial and Canadian Railway Construction Forces on the western front at the close of the various years of the war. While on December 31, 1914, imperial railway construction troops numbered 1,476, the situation had so changed on armistice day that Canadian construction troops numbering 14,877 were in the field while imperial troops of the same class numbered only 7,340.

The report also shows that on armistice day the total strength of the Canadian forestry corps was 31,447, including 13 companies of prisoners of war numbering 5,021. At the time the armistice was signed over 70 per cent. of the total timber used by the allied armies on the western front was supplied by the Canadian forestry corps.

The number of Canadian officers attached or seconded to the imperial troops or other forces outside the

military forces of Canada was 1,281 at the date of the armistice. Of these 824 were seconded or attached to the Royal Air Force. Also on November 11, 1918, 384 officers were seconded to the war office for military duties. "It is gratifying to record," says the report, "that since the overseas military forces of Canada first went into action they have been awarded upwards of 17,000 medals, honors and awards, including 61 Victoria Crosses, 1,182 Military Crosses, 19 Distinguished Conduct Medals, and 6,610 Military Medals."

"The discipline of the overseas military forces of Canada for the year 1918," states the report, "was distinctly satisfactory, and this was largely due to the efficient administration and discipline by commanding officers, and to the esprit de corps which had been nourished and developed among all ranks of the Canadian forces."

Germans Using Stolen Machinery

Belgian Engineer Says Factories Are in Full Swing

The process of extracting from Germany the machinery she has stolen is an arduous one.

An engineer who has just returned from a quest in the neighborhood of Cologne found four out of the eighty machines removed from his works between Jan. 8, 1915, and Dec. 7, 1917. He discovered incidentally that eight others had been worked to death in Germany, and knows that four more are still in Belgium. The whereabouts of the remaining sixty-four are unknown to him.

This observer reports that not only are the German factories in full swing, but that they have been considerably enlarged during the war and show abundant signs of prosperity, largely owing to the machinery stolen from Belgium and France which has been sold to them by the German Government for almost nothing. But what is particularly exasperating is that the Germans have been keeping their own machines for use after the war and have been making munitions almost entirely with stolen machines, which, having been working night and day with inferior oil, which alone is available, are now mostly only fit for the scrap heap.

Not only does one see the German machines resting while similar Belgian and French machines by their side are at work, but stores and German machine tool works are full of brand new machine tools.

This state of things, coupled with the extreme difficulty, because of German mendacity, of tracing machines or missing parts, and with the enormous amount of red tape involved in claiming machines, makes the Belgians, whose works are idle and whose workmen are unemployed, more than ever resent their not being allowed to take German substitutes in place of those worn out or destroyed.

The engineer suggests as the only solution that the Germans should themselves be obliged to produce all missing parts which are often hidden in obscure store houses, each factory should be made to furnish a list showing where its stolen machines came from, and for machines not found within three months and for machines unfit for work, and machines destroyed, equivalent machines should be handed over to the Belgian industries, these to be taken from German machine tool makers and industries.

The sight of stolen raw materials in Germany, the one thing, after machinery, Belgium most sorely needs at present—makes the Belgians almost as furious as the sight of their machines in the hand of the enemy.

German Spies at Scapa

Got to the Orkneys Disguised as Neutrals

An astonishing but true story is published.

Very early in the war two German spies got to the Orkneys disguised as neutrals. There were very few precautions in those days, and ships were calling at Kirkwall. The spies got back to Germany and gave the astounding information to the German chief of intelligence that there were no defenses at Scapa. They persisted in their story under the closest examination, with the result that they were taken out and shot. The German naval authorities being quite convinced that their spies had been tampered with and they were bringing them an enemy trap. It seems that it was the German faith in the British fleet that helped to win the war.

Camouflaged Cloth

One of the tricks the Germans played on traders in other parts of the world has just been disclosed. They bought velvet in Lancashire and cloth in Yorkshire, took them back to Germany and dyed them, and resold them as their own manufacture, getting a reputation for producing goods which were equal in quality to those made in England.

Danes Returning To Schleswig

To Vote For Its Return To Denmark

New York, N.Y. — Scandinavian steamships are filled with Danes, who have lived, many of them, for many years, perhaps even half a century, in America, who are now returning to their native Schleswig to vote for its return to Denmark, according to Larsen Ledet, of Aarhus, who has recently arrived in the United States to take part in the national prohibition tours arranged by the Anti-Saloon League.

"Denmark is the happiest country in Europe," said Mr. Ledet, "for at last, after 55 years, she is to regain her Province of Schleswig. We want Schleswig back because it is Danish, but we do not want Holstein, because that is too German, and is the province where there has been the most trouble for the last century."

"There is great joy in Schleswig today, for the vote as to the future allegiance of the province is to be taken next month. Everywhere the Danish flag, for the first time in many years, because of Germany's prohibition, is now flying, although the people are still forbidden to speak the Danish language or to sing Danish songs. Germany is still oppressing the Danish people of Schleswig even today, but the people are bearing up well, because they know that in four or five weeks it will be over. Then they will put an end to all teaching of German in the schools, and the province will rejoice."

"Schleswig is about the most fertile part of Denmark, and is famous for its butter, eggs and bacon; it is entirely an agricultural country. During the war, production was practically stopped, because it was impossible to get foodstuffs from America, and it is necessary to get food from America. Many of the Schleswig men were mobilized by Germany and were made to fight in her front lines, and their death rate was twice as large as that of the Germans on that account."

"Denmark has had a very hard time in the war. Because of her position, she was unable to defend herself, and so had to be friendly with both England and Germany. But although she was neutral in deed, she was, in her heart, entirely on the side of the Allies."

Annual Convention Of Irrigationists

Expected to Surpass in Usefulness All Previous Conventions

Regina, Sask.—The Western Canada Irrigation Association will hold its convention this year at Medicine Hat during the first three days of the week, beginning August 4, and will be attended by large numbers of irrigationists not only from Alberta, but from all parts of Western Canada and from the United States. Many interesting papers will be read dealing with the practical side of irrigation, covering such topics as Commercial Seed Growing, Profitable Crops with Irrigation in Southern Alberta, Livestock on the Irrigated Farm, the Economic Phase of Irrigation, and many other matters of interest to irrigation farmers.

The choice of Medicine Hat as the convention city is a happy one. With Lethbridge and Calgary, it forms one of the triangle of cities within the large irrigated area in southern Alberta. It is also within easy reach of the Cypress Hills irrigation district in Saskatchewan. The increasingly important place which irrigation occupies in agriculture in Western Canada is reflected in the work of the Western Canada Irrigation Association, and this year's convention is expected to surpass in usefulness all previous conventions, valuable as these have been to practical irrigationists throughout the country.

Schools of Long Ago

Paper Was Scarce and Too Highly Prized to Waste

In country schools, even till the middle of this century, writes Alice Morse Earle, in "Child Life in Colonial Days," copybooks were made of foolscap paper, carefully sewed together into book shape, and were ruled by hand. For these children used lead plummets instead of pencils. These plummets were made of lead melted and cast in wooden molds, cut out by the ever-ready jackknife, and were then tied by a hemped string to the ruler. These plummets were usually shaped like a tomahawk and carefully whittled and trimmed to a sharp edge. Slightly varied shapes were a carpenter's or a woodcutter's axe; also there were cannon, battle-axes, and cylinders. Paper was scarce and too highly prized for children to waste; it was a great burden even to ministers to get what paper they needed for their sermons, and they frequently acquired microscopic handwriting for economy's sake.

Shock Left Her Weak and Nervous COULD NOT SLEEP.

When the system receives a shock of any kind, the heart becomes weakened, the nerves unstrung, the appetite poor, faint and weak feelings come over you, you can't sleep at night, and you wonder if life is worth living.

To all those who suffer from nervous shock we would recommend Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills as the best remedy to tone up the entire system and strengthen the weakened organs.

Mrs. J. J. Bunyan, Pilot Butte, Sask., writes: "I have used Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills after having suffered from a terrible shock to my whole system. I was so utterly weak, and nervous I could not sleep at night and my appetite was very poor. I could not walk across the floor without trembling all over."

"I had hot flushes and fainting spells. When I was on the second box of your Heart and Nerve Pills, I began to feel that they were doing me good, so I kept on until I had used six boxes, when I felt like a different person."

"I am never without them in the house, and highly recommend them to all who suffer with their heart."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Machine Guns Alarm Berlin

Shooting Due to Wounded Men Insisting on Parading

Berlin. — Down town Berlin was thrown into a state of wild excitement by machine gun firing in the Unter den Linden. Some persons in the neighborhood fled for safety, but others swarmed to the scene. The shooting was due to a large group of wounded men insisting on parading, despite the order of Gustave Noske, minister of national defence, prohibiting processions during the period of martial law.

Government troops broke up their demonstration by firing in the air.

PALE AND WEAK DESPONDENT PEOPLE

Owe Their Condition to Weak, Watery Blood — How to Regain Strength

Every woman's health is peculiarly dependent upon the condition of her blood. Far too many women suffer with headaches, pain in the back, poor appetite, weak digestion, palpitation of the heart, a constant feeling of weariness, shortness of breath, pallor and nervousness. Of course all these symptoms may not be present in any particular case. They are merely a warning that the blood is out of order, and that it is thin and watery, and if you note any of these symptoms in your own case, you should lose no time in taking the proper steps to enrich and purify the blood. Anemia — poverty of the blood — is a most insidious disease, and if allowed to run will end in a complete breakdown of the system. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are, beyond doubt, the greatest blood-making tonic offered the public today. For more than a quarter of a century they have been the stand-by of hundreds of thousands of people in all parts of the world. No other medicine has ever achieved such world-wide popularity, and the reason is that this medicine does what is claimed for it, enriches and purifies the blood, thus bringing new strength to every organ and every nerve in the body. In this way Dr. Williams' Pink Pills bring new health to weak, despondent people. Among the many who speak highly of this medicine is Mrs. Louis D. Larch, Windsor, Ont. who says:—"It would be impossible for me to recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills too highly. Some years ago I was very thin and pale; I suffered many of the symptoms of anemia, and always felt tired, depressed and weak. I had tried several medicines, but they did not seem to help me. Then acting on the advice of a friend, I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before I had used half dozen boxes I was actually feeling like a new person and had gained nine pounds in weight. I continued taking the pills until I had taken a dozen boxes, and from that time I have always enjoyed the best of health. I freely write you this letter in the hope that some woman in need as I was will get it and be benefited as I have been."

Most of the troubles that affect mankind are due to impoverished blood, and will promptly disappear if the blood is built up and renewed. If you are ailing, give this greatest of tonic medicines a fair trial and it will not disappoint you. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can be procured through any dealer in medicines, or will be sent by mail at 50c a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Ex-Royalties Hissed by the Crowd

Geneva. — Empress Zita, accompanied by several Austrian archdukes, a numerous suite and a mountain of baggage, arrived at Nyon, on the western side of Lake Geneva from St. Gaul. The former Austrian royal pair were hissed by the crowd as they alighted from the train. The ex-emperor appeared ill and depressed, while the ex-empress wore a gay air and was attired in a gown of the latest Parisian model.

January is the wheat harvesting season of Australia.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON FOR JUNE 8

Obedience

I. A Notable Example of Obedience (Gen. 12:1-4).

At the command of God Abraham went out not knowing whither he went (Heb. 11:8). His was not the obedience of convenience or prudence. To separate from home and kindred and take up the life of a pilgrim was not easy. Abraham did not stop to ask why, or what he would get out of it. The obedience that asks why is not obedience at all.

II. The Motive of Obedience (John 14:21-24).

The grand incentive of obedience is love to God. The obedience that is the result of fear or the hope of reward is not true obedience, therefore has not the approval of God. Only the child who reverences his father and affectionately strives to obey him enjoys his loving favor. The obedience which springs out of a heart of love issues in a life of joy and friendship with God (John 15:10-14).

III. The Solemn Obligation of Obedience (Matt. 7:16-29).

1. Warnings against false prophets (vv. 15-20).

(1) Their real existence. Ever since God had a people false prophets and teachers have appeared among them. This need not surprise us, for Christ predicted that such should be the case.

(2) Their nature (v. 15). (a) Hypocritical. The devil does his most successful work by masquerading as an angel of light (II. Cor. 7:14, 15). His ministers appear in this way and turn people from the narrow to the broad way. (b) This is suggested by their being "ravening wolves." It is when the wolf is in sheep's clothing that he does his most destructive work. The enemies of Christ posing as his ministers are most destructive.

(3) The unfailing test (vv. 16-18). Their fruits. If one gives sufficient time for development the fruit can be discerned. Every tree bears its own kind of fruit. Nature is inexorable in her law as to this. You may search the universe in vain for an exception. It is equally true in the spiritual world. There is a vital connection between the faith of a heart and the fruit of a life. That which comes out in the conduct was first in the heart. A right heart is essential to right conduct. Give the false teachers sufficient time and observe closely and you will find that their lives will prove the teaching.

(4) Their end (v. 19). All false teachers shall finally be punished by being cast into the fire. Although God bears long, he will see to it that this wickedness does not go on for ever. 2. The dangers of empty profession (vv. 21-23).

Calling Christ "Lord" will not answer for disobedience to his will. One may even be a Sunday school teacher or preacher, and even perform many mighty works, as casting out devils and healing the sick and yet hear the awful declaration of Jesus Christ, "I never knew you," "depart from me."

3. The one and only safe way (vv. 24-29).

(1) Hear the sayings of Christ. To do this, one must prayerfully attend to reading the Word of God and meditate upon the same.

(2) Do what Christ commands. Hearing and doing the teachings of Christ is building upon solid rock. Such building can never be destroyed by flood and storm. Hearing and not doing Christ's sayings is building upon the sand which in time of the storm of God's wrath and judgment will be utterly destroyed. Obedience must follow hearing Christ.

Coast Veterans to Support Law

Vancouver. — The Great War Veterans of Vancouver at a recent meeting pledged themselves on the side of law and order with respect to the present industrial unrest throughout the Dominion and passed a resolution stating that the members opposed any insurrectionary or riotous attempts that might imperil the safety and security of fellow citizens. The resolution was carried practically unanimously, there being less than half a dozen who voted against it.

Perhaps you have heard of the Irishman assisting at a baptism, who, when he heard the godmother answer "Hazel" to the question as to the child's name, broke forth: "For the love of hiven! The whole calendar is full of the names of blessed female saints, and they do be calling the baby after a nut!"

"Twas Ever Thus
"Back to the farm," the young man cried;

"Back to the farm for me."
So he put his back to the farm and hid.

Him off to see the sea.
The oldest bank notes in the world were issued in China 2,897 years before the Christian era.

Should Appreciate British Grand Fleet

Rear-Admiral Sims' Tribute to His Majesty's Ships

"Whenever you feel particularly grateful that you didn't lose the war, don't forget the British Grand Fleet."

This remark by Rear-Admiral Sims of the United States Navy, at the luncheon of the Chicago Association of Commerce, brought a whirlwind of appreciative applause. At other stages of his splendid address, the Admiral paid equally emphatic tribute to the paramount and indispensable prowess of his Majesty's ships. He made the fact unmistakably evident that to British sea-power alone the world owes the defeat of the Hun.

A touch of chestiness in view of what their arms have accomplished is surely pardonable on the part of the Britons. We have waited for our American military and naval chiefs to pay the well-deserved compliment to the triumphant instrument of victory for civilization. Once in a while they come along, as Admiral Sims did, and in the midst of their glowing praises of the fighting and conquering Yanks they say a significant word for the real winners of the war.

Rear-Admiral Sims' sparkling address is the report of an expert who was close to the zone of battle, and who was privileged to scrutinize the inner workings of the colossal mechanism that throttled the Prussian.

Sims is a cool-headed, matter-of-fact, keenly observant veteran, whose long experience has developed a slight strain of cynicism that would prevent the growth of fanaticism on any subject. But on the subject of British sea mastery, which he came to know so thoroughly, the Admiral cannot restrain a touch of enthusiasm. While Britain's critics were thousands of miles off, Sims was on the spot watching her "carrying on" and helping her in a very substantial way. What he saw opened his eyes to the supreme truth of the world struggle. As he said in his address: "It (the fleet) was the great silent force upon which the cause of the allies rested."

Admiral Sims, back from the real "front" and knowing the inwards of the great game of Kaiser-crushing, grins amusedly as he hears the doughboy or his superior officer emitting brags about America winning the war. There should be no ill-feeling in the matter, he thinks; but neither should there be any misunderstanding of it among friends and allies. Above all, there should be generous appreciation of Britain's part in the victory.

Because, without Britain, says Admiral Sims, there would have been no victory—except for the Hun! — From Canadian-American, Chicago.

Teachers' Salaries A Disgrace in U. S.

Attributes Appalling Illiteracy in the States to This Cause

Uncle Sam is rubbing his eyes in astonishment to find that about four million adult Americans can neither read nor write. It was the astonishing percentage of illiteracy among the enlisted men in the American army that first directed attention to this state of affairs. Leading magazines and newspapers are now trying to discover the real cause of this state of affairs.

There are different causes, but one of the chief is the small salary that is paid the school teacher. This aspect of the problem is interestingly discussed in the June issue of Pictorial Review, in an article by Ida Clyde Clarke.

In a New York newspaper two advertisements appeared recently which cast a flood of light on the question. One was for a teacher of history, mathematics and psychology; salary \$65 per month. The other was for a colored barber; salary \$120 per month and tips. Is it any wonder that the American educational system is in its present appalling condition, when this sort of thing can exist?

Canadian teachers are much better paid, and probably the West leads Canada in this respect. Nevertheless, salaries here are not what they should be. While there is not the same percentage of illiteracy as in the United States, there is more than there is any excuse for.

"Ethel, the sweet girl's father called gently from upstairs.
"Yes, father! What is it?" she answered, through the midnight stillness.

"Just tell your young man to be careful and not trip over the morning milk when he goes."

Half the troubles and miseries in this life would be smoothed away if we would put ourselves in other people's places, and try to see things from their point of view. It is the great blank wall of self that hinders us.

Nerves Shattered by Operation

A Most Extraordinary Case of Ex- treme Nervous Exhaustion and Keenest Suffering From Head- aches—Now Entirely Cured

Mrs. George Hall, Meadow Brook Farm, Westata Valley, Sask., writes: "It is with great pleasure I say a few words of praise for Dr. Chase's Nerve Food."

"Five years ago, while living in Montreal, I suffered terribly with a severe pain in the right temple. For four months I could not even bend or stoop down to do anything without holding the right side of my head with my hand, the pain was so severe. Besides the headache, there was a discharge from my right ear also, but it caused no pain — only the constant pain in my temple. I could not sleep, and if I lay down at night I could not get my head up off the pillow without my husband putting his hand underneath the back of my neck to lift me up. I could not bear it any longer. Some of my friends persuaded me to go to one of the hospitals and consult a doctor, so I went to the Royal Victoria Hospital in Montreal; there they examined me and told me that it would have to be an 'indoor case,' that I would have to be operated on. After I had been there four days they operated, and found that I had a clot of blood on the brain. They said it was a marvelous case, as they had given me up for over four weeks, and I was in the hospital 10 weeks, and my doctors said I would always suffer with my nerves, because the operation was such a serious one it shattered my nerves all to pieces. After I came home I could not bear any noise or excitement, if the children would shout or bang the door I would jump and give a sharp cry, and my hand would fly to my head. My nervous system was completely exhausted and I had no appetite whatever. Two months after this I had to follow my husband to the Northwest, where he had gone previous to my illness. The doctors told me I was running a great risk to go so soon. However, I came, and after I reached my destination in Saskatchewan I was in bed for some weeks with a nervous breakdown. I was going nearly crazy with my head. A friend asked my husband to try Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. He went to town (which is fifteen miles from here) and bought two boxes. I commenced taking them, and certainly felt much benefited. I took six boxes in all, and I now feel like a different woman. I have no pain in my head, my system is built up, and I can sleep like a top. My appetite is splendid, the children can make as much noise as they like, and it does not bother me. I am certainly cured, and I want to express my heartfelt appreciation of your wonderful medicine. I shall always recommend it and tell others about it."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, a full treatment of 6 boxes for \$2.75, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations only disappoint.

Street Cars and
Rule of the Road
Electric Railway Company Has Approached Government on Question
Victoria, B.C.—The change in the rule of the road, so as to make driving to the right effective in this province, which is to become operative at the beginning of 1920, has aroused strong objection from the British Columbia Electric Railway Company, the only tramcar system in British Columbia. The company has approached the government on the question, and explains that a very large sum of money will have to be expended in the alteration of existing rolling stock in order to conform to the requirements demanded by a change from the present rule of turning to the left.

LEMONS MAKE SKIN WHITE, SOFT, CLEAR

Make This Beauty Lotion for a Few Cents and See for Yourself

What girl or woman hasn't heard of lemon juice to remove complexion blemishes; to whiten the skin and to bring out the roses, the freshness and the hidden beauty? But lemon juice alone is acid, therefore irritating, and should be mixed with orchard white this way. Strain through a fine cloth the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing about three ounces of orchard white, then shake well, and you have a whole quarter pint of skin and complexion lotion at about the cost one usually pays for a small jar of ordinary cold cream. Be sure to strain the lemon juice so no pulp gets into the bottle, then this lotion will remain pure and fresh for months. When applied daily to the face, neck, arms and hands it should help to bleach, clear, smoothen and beautify the skin.

Any druggist will supply three ounces of orchard white at very little cost and the grocer has the lemons.

U.S. Farmers Want Canadian Land

A dispatch from Winnipeg quotes William Pearson, chairman of the newly-formed Farm Land Dealers' Association, as saying that the Dominion Government is at present receiving an average of 2,500 enquiries per week from the United States about farm lands in Western Canada, through the four associations in the western provinces.

Your Eyes

A Wholesome, Cleansing, Refreshing and Healing Lotion—Murine for Redness, Soreness, Granulation, Itching and Burning of the Eyes or Eyelids.

"I Drop" After the Movies, Victoria or Gold will win your confidence. Ask Your Druggist for Murine when your Eyes Need Care. M. L. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

The Busy Store

MEN'S WORK SHOES

Black Solid Leather, Plain Toe, Sewed Sole.....\$7.00
 Tan " " Toe Cap.....\$8.50
 Light Harvest Shoes, Split Leather.....\$3.50

Men's Canvass Shoes and Oxford's \$3.75 and \$4.25.
 Men's Dress Shoes, Geo. A. Slater, \$10.00 and up.
 Men's and Boys' Running Shoes, \$2.50.
 Men's Work Shirts of Every Description, Prices from \$1.25 to \$2.25

LADIES' DEPARTMENT

LADIES' HOSIERY—A Splendid Quality at \$1.25.
 LADIES' UNDERWEAR—We are just in receipt of a beautiful line of Silk and Voile Underwear
 PRICES \$3.50 to \$5.00
 ANOTHER SHIPMENT OF FRILLINGS AT \$1.25 PER YARD.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

We are making a special price on Beans this week. Hand Picked Kotaschi, absolutely the finest Cooking Bean on the market, only 10c per pound. Canned Fruit is in demand. We are offering for a few days only Pineapples at prices that are sure to move them

1 Pound Tin 20c; 1½ Pounds 30c; 2 Pounds, 40c.

EXTRA SPECIAL Special on Plums, K. C. Brand—5 Cans for \$1. Oranges 40c per doz. Lime Juice, 50 and 95 cents.

WEBSTER BROS., Ltd.

MOTTO: "Your Monies Worth or Your Money Back"

MISCELLANEOUS

Notices under this heading 15 words or under 50c for one issue and 3 issues for \$1. Over 15 words one cent a word charged for each insertion.

Horses and Cattle lost and found, for sale and wanted; Seed Grain for sale and wanted; Land to sell, rent or buy, and any other of a similar nature will get quick results by being published under this heading.

Brand reading notices \$1.50 for each animal, three insertions. Over 15 words 1 cent per word extra each issue.

When brands have to be cut a charge a 35c. each is made.

In order to insure publication CASH MUST accompany each notice.

LOST—Five dollars reward, 1 cow branded OJ under half diamond with calf at foot, color part Jersey. Apply to T. Jones, Cluny.

FOUND—Collie dog. Apply at Geo. Taylor's livery barn.

LOST—Auto license number plate. Return to Mrs. P. C. Williams, Gleichen.

FOR SALE—3 heifers and 2 cows to freshen in about three weeks, 3 miles east and 4 miles south of Standard. Ed. Christensen. 13

\$10 REWARD—Is offered for the recovery of cattle branded with DH on left rib and horses branded Q on left thigh. Mrs. J. H. Chandler, Nanton, Alta. 20

STRAYED—Away from farm s. 30, 22-22 about the 10th of May, during the storm, 1 gray pony and colt and one black gelding coming 2 years old. Both had leather strap around neck. Anyone giving information to assure recovery of same will be suitably rewarded. F. E. Renaud. 14

WANTED—To rent an improved farm by experienced man with complete outfit for farming, on the crop share basis. Apply A. Voors, care Circle Ranch, Queenstown. 12

FOR SALE—Two year old registered Clydesdale stallion, W. H. Goodwin, Gleichen. 12

THREE REGISTERED—Hereford bulls for sale, one yearling, one two year old and one three year old that took first premium in his class at Calgary last month. W. H. Goodwin, Gleichen. 12

FOR SALE—Timothy seed. W. H. Goodwin, Gleichen. 12

MILK—For sale. Apply to M. Murray. 12

ESTRAY—Jersey yearling, branded EH over half diamond on right ribs, dulan on right neck. Cow branded same, as well as blotched brand on right rib. Apply W. H. McPhee, 8th

LOST—\$25 reward for recovery of black mare, with star on forehead, 5 years old, branded with shoe on right shoulder, toe facing toward the head. Apply E. Rielly, Cluny. 13

ESTRAY—Brown gelding, weight about 1100 lbs, branded G1 on left shoulder and G3 on left thigh. Owner may have same by paying for this ad. Apply Jos. Desjardine, Box 188, Gleichen. 14

LOST—Dark brown gelding, branded on left hip. Dark brown mare on right shoulder shod in front when lost. \$50 reward for recovery. Apply to C. F. R. Bruce, Cluny. 9th

EGGS FOR SETTING—Bred to lay. Barrad Rocks. I have been buying the best blood I could find from the States and Canada, of bred to lay Barrad Rocks. My male birds for this year are from Guild's of Ontario best stock. My flock has proven to be an excellent laying strain. Bred for laying and not for feathers. Recently inspected and approved by the Dominion Government. Eggs \$1.00 for 15; specially selected birds eggs \$2.00 for 15. Marcellous Bollinger, Gleichen. 13

ESTRAY—Black steer, 1 year old; red steer, 2 years old, both branded half diamond over SO on right ribs. Also bay Gelding, 8 years old, marks on shoulder; front hoofs slanting sharply, crooked hind legs, no brand. Reward \$25 for return to Steel Samson, Cluny. 4th

\$30 REWARD

Lost 2 black horses and 1 bay, weight about 1400 each, Z A branded on right hip.

\$10 reward for recovery of each horse. Apply to Anderson & Neilson, box 33 Standard. 13

Town of Gleichen

Notice is hereby given that commencing Monday, June 23rd, the Pound Law will be strictly enforced with regard to horses and all cattle except cows in milk used for dairy purposes.

PETER MACLEAN, Sec'y-Treas.

LUMBER

And Building Material of all Kinds at the REVELSTOKE

If you are going to do any building call in and see us. We are experts in our line and can give you plans and estimates on any kind of buildings and would be pleased to help you plan your house or barn. Don't forget that we handle the best in Post-Stove Wood—Screen Doors and Windows

Revelstoke Sawmill Co., Ltd.

J. E. McCORKLE,
 Local Manager, Gleichen, Alberta



Now is the time to install your heating plant.

Estimates given free.

Hot water and steam heating.

Price on application.

Hot air furnaces always in stock.

Pumps pipes and fittings.

L. Michael,
 Gleichen, Alta

First Thursday in each month Gleichen District Agricultural Association meets.

Keep talking about our Exhibition on August 15 and 16.

Application for Lease of Road Allowance or Surveyed Highway

Notice is hereby given that J. E. James of Gleichen has made application to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, for a lease of the following road allowance or surveyed highway, viz. On the west side of that portion of the west half of Section 7 in township 22, range 21, west of the 4 meridian, which lies to the north of the railway right-of-way of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

Any protest against the granting of the above mentioned lease must be forwarded to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

Dated at Gleichen, June 14, 1919.

JOHN E. JAMES, (applicant.)

Chautauqua Meeting, June 26

A meeting of the guarantors and all interested in making 1919 Chautauqua, not only a financial, but a community success, are invited to attend a meeting in the Masonic Hall, Gleichen, on Thursday, June 26th, at 8 p. m. Ladies of the town and district are specially invited.

MARCELLIOUS BOLLINGER.

The Call is on sale at the Cluny Drug Store.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Did you read Webster Bros. ad.

August 15 and 16 will be Red Letter Days in Gleichen.

A. Wetton arrived last week from Nordegg to take the leadership of the Gleichen Citizen Band. Monday night he gave his first lesson and the members express their appreciation of his evident ability as a leader.

Privates Frank Bates and Rupert Hunter returned home Monday from overseas looking well and happy and received a most hearty welcome by their relatives and friends. Sapper James Bates, M. M., is expected home daily, he having wired he would spend a few days in Toronto.

Friday evening, June 27, a farewell dance is to be given in the Shamrock School House in honor of the teacher who is leaving shortly. Arrangements have been made to have good music on the piano and violin and the ladies are requested to bring along edibles with them.

Tomorrow night—Thursday—a special meeting of the Gleichen District Agricultural Association will be held in the Town Hall to complete the prize list for the coming fair. Many special prizes have already been given and those who want to give others should attend this meeting or see Secretary F. L. Mallory.

The Anzac soldier colony near Chancellor is now flourishing. Of the 25 farms 21 are occupied and in crop this year, and all looking exceptionally good. The population is also increasing, the latest being a girl at W. T. Campbell's farm and another girl at W. C. Whelkyn's place. The returned boys are all happy and content and grouse here has best keep away.

The special "Farmers Sunday" services held in the Opera House Sunday night was well attended, although there was not as many of the farmers present as expected, the town people turning out well. The Rev. Canon Stocken and Rev. Mr. Matheson conducted the services, each delivering short addresses suitable to the occasion. A united choir under the leadership of Mr. McMullen rendered some excellent music. The entire service was very pleasing and impressive and is evidence that much good might be accomplished by holding more united services.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. David McBean, north of town, was made very bright and gay, a few days ago by the activities of about 30 children from the Shamrock school. The occasion being the tenth birthday of their little daughter, Kathleen. The tables were beautifully and appropriately decorated in pink and were laden with the good things children so much enjoy. Different races were started and prizes given and the children went home in the evening tired and very happy. A few friends from town went out in the evening and enjoyed the hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. McBean. We all wish little Miss Katherine many more such happy holidays.

Saturday evening, June 14th, eleven of Mrs. Onstad's pupils took the Introductory Pianoforte Examination given under Mr. Hewlett, of the Toronto Music Conservatory faculty. Those examined were: Theodore Bartsch, Mildred Bollinger, Alice Brereton, Vivian Brown, Herbert Crapo, Sylvan Crapo, Aliene Hoey, Viva Ingraham, Helen Matthews, Archie McMullen and Velma Sanders. Although the exact returns are not yet known, Mr. Hewlett made very favorable comment upon the work. Gleichen is now the fifth local centre for Toronto Conservatory examination, the other centres being located at Edmonton, Calgary, Medicine Hat and Lethbridge.

Letter to House-Wives

June 16th, 1919

The Peoples Market Limited are endeavoring to co-operate in every possible way with their customers, but co-operation is something which must be entered into by both parties in order to be successful. It is our desire to supply our customers with what fresh fruit they will require at the smallest possible cost and in a way to supply the best possible quality. Berries of all kinds are quoted at such high prices that by the time they are packed in crates and expressed through to us this year it will bring them too high for canning purposes, but there is a certain amount of the crop which is too ripe to stand shipping when packed, which the packing houses are putting up in large tin cans which can be shipped through by freight later on in the season and sold on a gallon basis. This fruit can be reheated and put into small cellars and kept for future use much more economically than they can be handled by the crate and shipped through by express. We can also get tree fruit by taking them just at the time when the entire fruit crop is in the right stage to be stripped from the trees and have them come through in carload lots and distributed much more economically than if they came through by express during the season when they are simply picking the first fruit to ripen on the trees and filling the small express orders. If each of our customers will be good enough to advise us as soon as possible how many gallons of each kind of berries they will require for canning and also how many of the regular size crates of the tree fruit, such as Peaches, Apricots, Plums, etc., we will have each of our salesmen supplied with a list on which they can note the name of the customers and the requirement of each, so that we can tabulate them and come as near as possible to filling the requirements of all without buying more than can be used by the community served by each one of our markets.

Kindly give this your earliest attention and make a list of what you think your requirements will be and turn it in to our meat-outer on your first visit to the market, and greatly oblige,

THE PEOPLES MARKET LIMITED

Walter Galately returned last week from spending the winter at his old in Ontario. He is glad to be away from the heat of the 'cent belt to where he can sleep in comfort.

At the Liberal convention of the Bow River riding held in Calgary last week, W. W. Brown of Gleichen was elected president of the Association and Harry Scott is to be among the delegates to the Dominion Liberal convention to be held in Ottawa in August.

Notice of Estray Animals

On the premises of Mr. Hurtubise on Sec. 29-22-21 W. 4th M. cow, color red with a little white, about 6 or 7 years old, about 1100 pounds, with calf about four weeks old. Branded ZP under bar on the right ribs. Also a small blotched brand on the left ribs either 2P under bar or 2P under bar.

Cream and Milk

For sale in large or small quantities. Delivered fresh morning or evening. Apply to M. Murray.

GLEICHEN HOTEL Re-Opened

The Gleichen Hotel dining room, lunch counter, pool room and barber shop has been re-opened under the management of the proprietor.

W. STRACK, Proprietor

DANCE

You are invited to attend a dance on Thursday evening JUNE 26, 1919, in the Queenstown U.F.A. Hall, at Milo.

Music will be furnished by the famous Gleichen band.

Tickets Gent's \$1. Ladies free

London Times

History of the Great War

In Eighteen Volumes

Just Received

EASY PAYMENTS

CALL OR SEE

R. M. Stabback

PRESIDENT

G. W. V. A., Gleichen